

FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

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INVESTMENT HIGHLIGHTS



Developing next
generation peptide
therapeutics for liver
disease and oncology



Near-term value-driving catalysts in multiple therapeutic programs



\$39M cash and investments
on hand to support programs
and sustain operations
through key catalysts



DEVELOPMENT PIPELINE

PROGRAM	PRODUCT NAME	PRECLINICAL PHASE 1	PHASE III PHASE III	STATUS
	ALT-801	NASH		Advancing into Phase 1 development in 2020
LIVER DISEASES	HepTcell TM	Chronic Hepatitis B		Advancing into Phase 2 development in 2020
CONJUGATED IMMUNOSTIMULANT FOR CANCER	ALT-702	Solid Tumors		IND and Phase 1 trial targeted for 2021

Programs developed with external funding

	PROGRAM	PRODUCT NAME	PRECLINICAL	PHASE 1	PHASE III PHASE III	STATUS
	INTERNACAL	NasoShield™	Anthrax		Funded by BARDA \$133.7M Potential Value	In Phase 1b, data expected 2H 2020
	INTRANASAL VACCINES	NasoVAX TM	Influenza		Exploring Potential Partnerships	Ready for Phase 2b





NASH

LARGELY A DISEASE OF OBESITY AND ECTOPIC BODY FAT



NAFLD is present in up to 90% of obese patients. ~20% of NAFLD patients progress to NASH



Excess liver fat drives inflammation and fibrosis

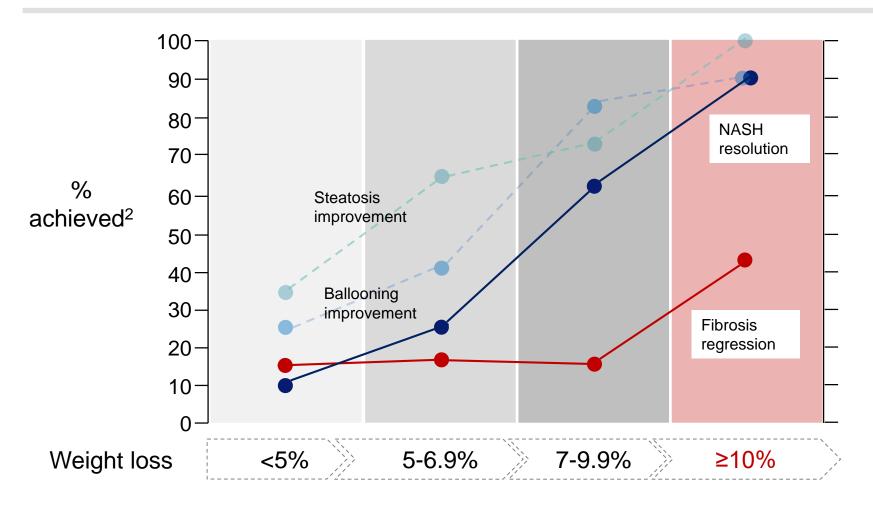


Up to 40% of NASH patients develop NAFLD recurrence one year after liver transplant - i.e., the underlying disease is still present



SUBSTANTIAL BODY WEIGHT LOSS BLUNTS NASH PROGRESSION¹

GLP-1 AGONISTS ACHIEVE ONLY 3-5% AT TOLERABLE DOSES

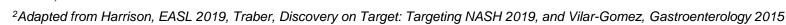


The treatment of obesity remains the cornerstone of NASH and NAFLD therapy

Meaningful weight loss is rarely achieved without medical intervention

Current drugs have failed to deliver the weight loss achieved by bariatric surgery

¹ Promrat et al Hepatology 2010; Glass et al Dig Dis Sci 2015; Vilar-Gomez et al Gastroenterology 2015; Marchesini et al Hepatology 2016; Koutowkidis et al JAMA Intern Med 2019





ALT-801: GLP-1/GLUCAGON RECEPTOR DUAL AGONIST

OPTIMIZED FOR NASH AND WEIGHT LOSS

GLP-1

blood glucose

appetite

inflammation

Indirect effects on liver

GLUCAGON

energy expenditure

adipose browning

lipolysis/ gluconeogenesis

mobilization of liver fat

Direct effects on liver

SIGNIFICANT REDUCTIONS IN

body weight

liver fat, inflammation and resulting fibrosis

blood glucose



ALT-801: POTENTIAL BEST IN CLASS PRODUCT PROFILE

Well-differentiated candidate with compelling pre-clinical data

DIFFERENTIATED

- Balanced dual agonist at GLP-1 and glucagon receptors
- PK profile optimized for weekly dosing and improved GI tolerability

STRONG INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY

Worldwide filings in 6 patent families; including a granted US patent with exclusivity \geq 2035



SUPERIOR PRE-CLINICAL DATA

Superior to semaglutide and elafibranor in:

- Overall weight loss
- Reduction in liver fat
- NAS improvement
- Effects on fibrosis

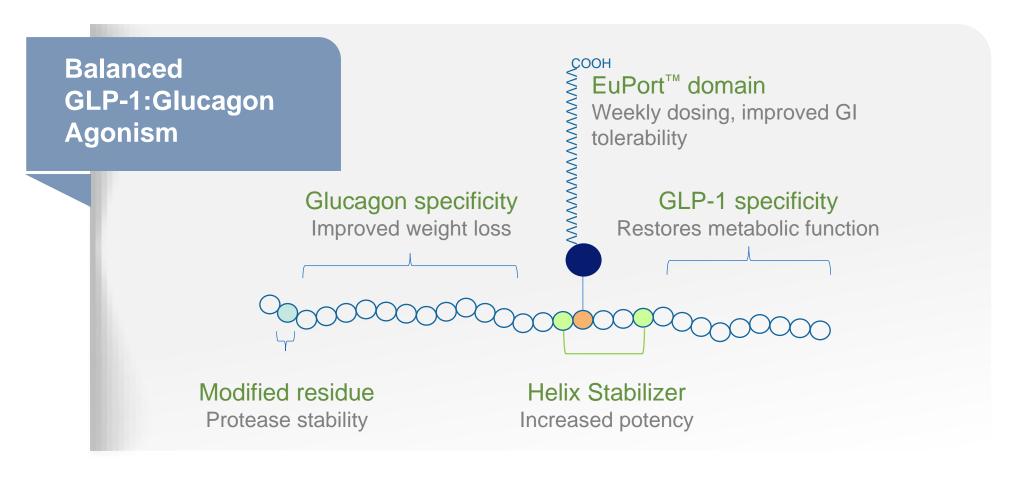
PATIENT FRIENDLY

Aqueous solution compatible with 31-gauge needle to maximize comfort



ALT-801: STRUCTURE IS KEY TO DIFFERENTIATION

Proprietary EuPort[™] domain provides prolonged serum half-life and reduced peak concentration

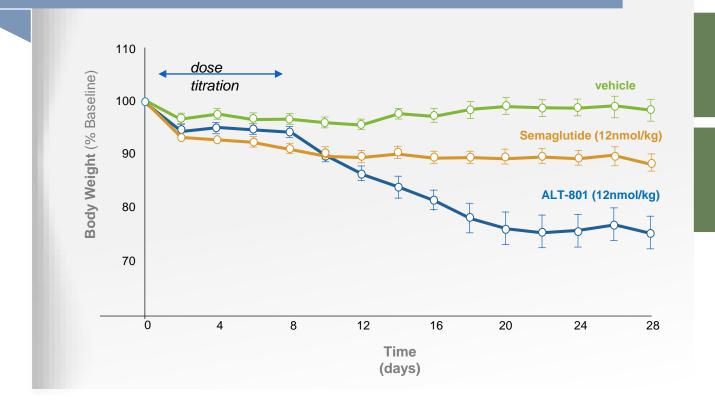




ALT-801

25% REDUCTION IN BODY WEIGHT TO CHOW-FED LEAN NORMAL RANGE

Mouse DIO Model After 4 Weeks of Treatment

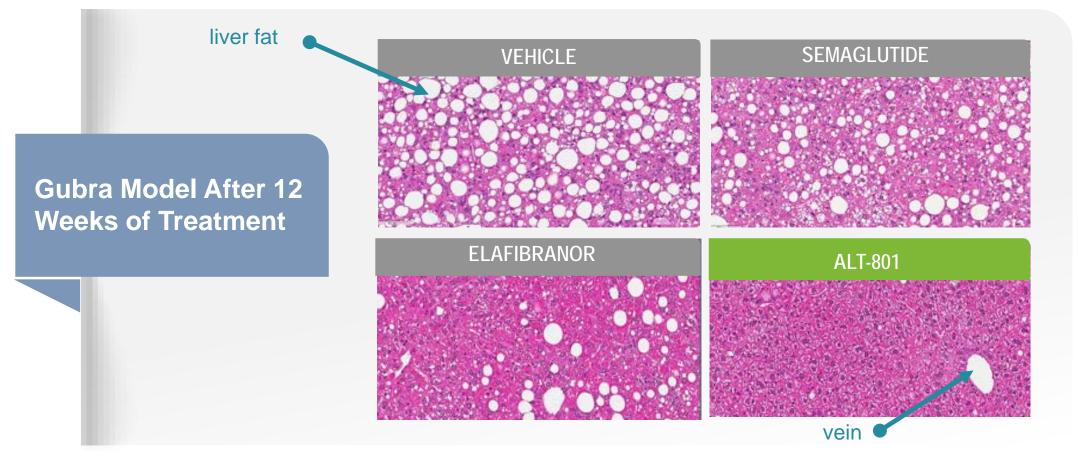


More than **2x** the weight loss of **semaglutide**

Body weight decreased to **lean normal range**



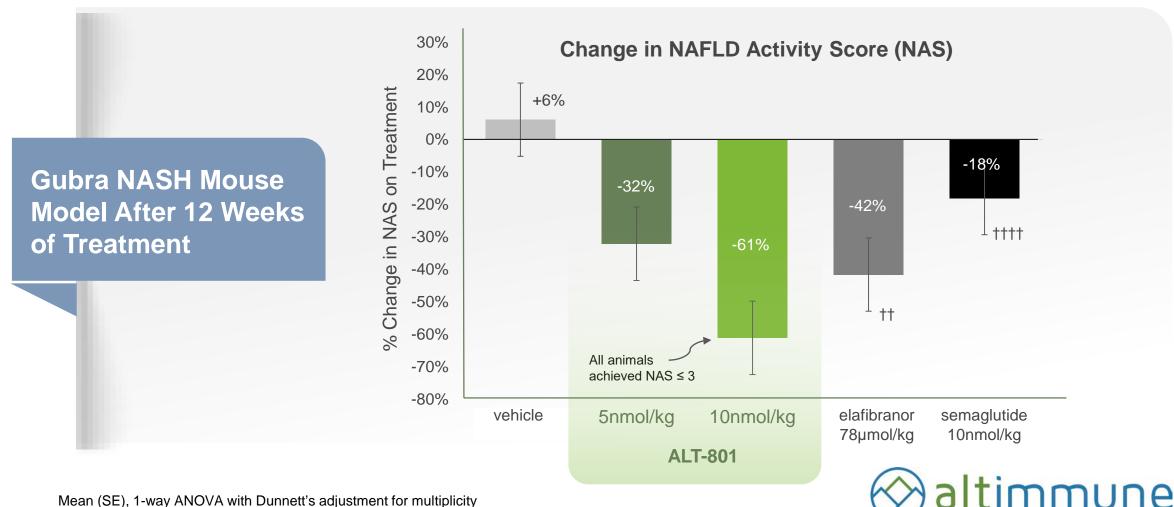
ALT-801 REDUCTION IN LIVER FAT TO CHOW-FED LEAN NORMAL





ALT-801

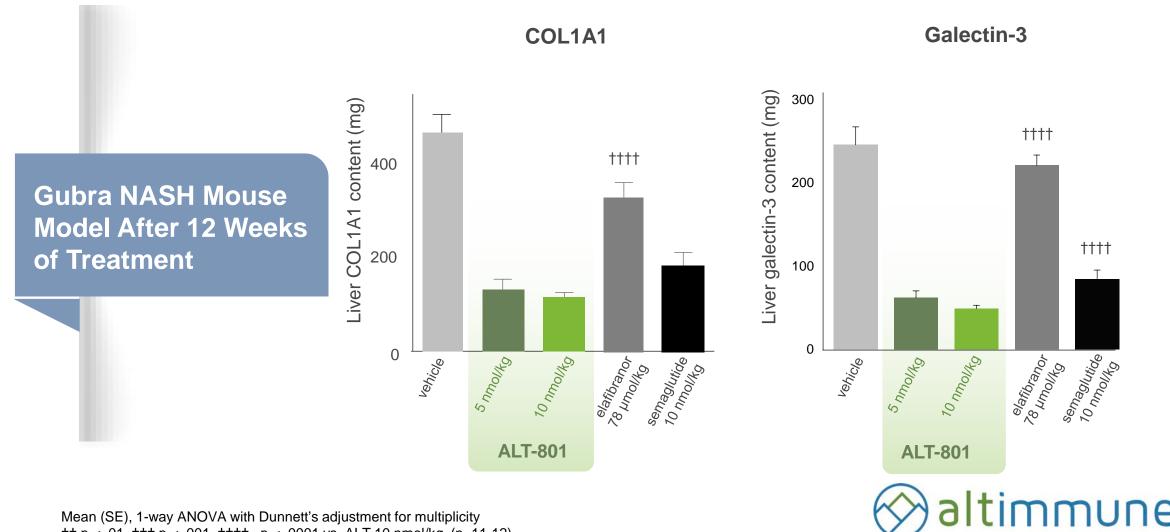
GREATER REDUCTION IN NAFLD ACTIVITY SCORE (NAS)



Mean (SE), 1-way ANOVA with Dunnett's adjustment for multiplicity $\dagger\dagger p < .01, \dagger\dagger\dagger p < .001, \dagger\dagger\dagger\dagger, p < .0001$ vs. ALT 10 nmol/kg (n=11-12)

ALT-801

GREATER EFFECTS ON FIBROSIS



DIFFERENTIATED

Balanced and potent dual GLP-1 and glucagon agonist

Superior therapeutic activity in accepted preclinical models

Potential for improved GI tolerability

Molecular classes with **known** safety profiles

Weekly dosing

DEVELOPMENT PLAN

File **IND in 2H** 2020

Phase 1 study with mechanistic readout on liver fat and body weight in 1H 2021

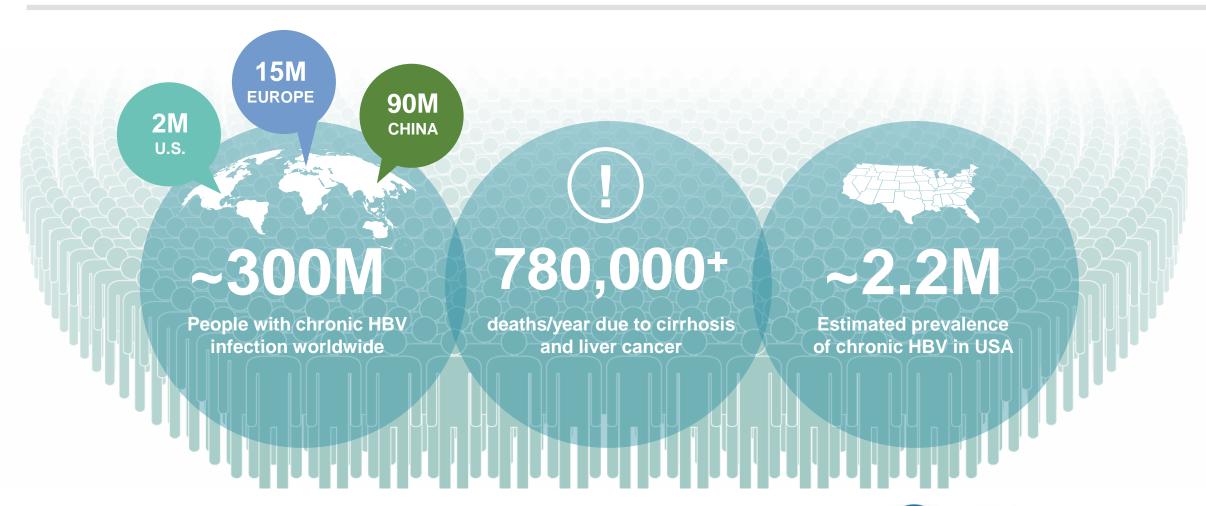
Prosecute 6 global supporting patent families

Evaluate aligned disease indications including obesity and type 2 diabetes

ALT-801
GLP-1/Glucagon
Dual Agonist for
NASH

HepTcell: T CELL STIMULANT THERAPEUTIC FOR CHRONIC HEPATITIS B

Significant opportunity to improve current HBV cure rates





CURRENTLY APPROVED HBV THERAPEUTICS DO NOT LEAD TO A CURE

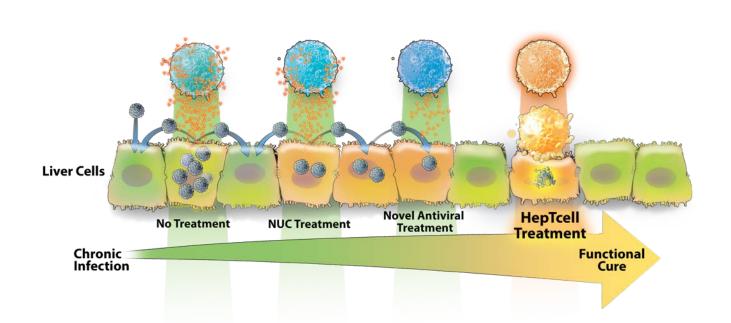
Immune activation will be required for significant impact

Current antivirals prevent disease progression but rarely clear chronic infection

Breaking T cell immune tolerance is key to functional cure

Newer direct-acting antivirals unlikely to result in immune reactivation alone

HepTcell is designed to "wake up" dormant T-cells to eliminate infection





HepTcell: PHASE 1 SAFETY AND IMMUNOGENICITY STUDY

Study in subjects chronically infected with HBV

POPULATION



60 HBeAg- chronic HBV patients

Well controlled on licensed antivirals (entecavir or tenofovir)

DESIGN



3 injections 28 days apart

4 different regimens vs placebo and adjuvant alone

RESULTS



All regimens well tolerated

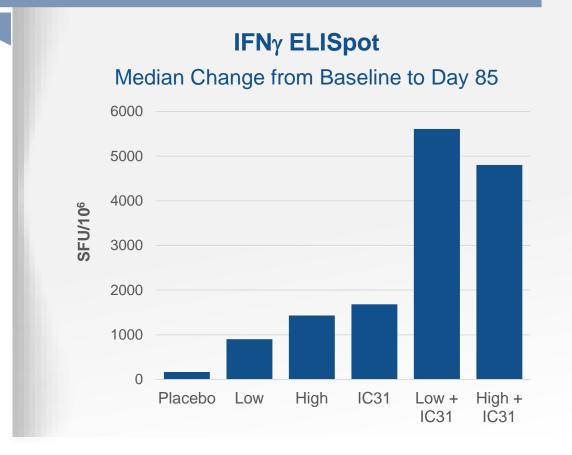
No liver flares or autoimmune events

Increased T cell response to HBV peptides in adjuvanted regimens



HepTcell: PHASE 1 SAFETY AND IMMUNOGENICITY STUDY

Anti-HBV T-cell Response After 3 Injections



HepTcell breaks immune tolerance in chronic hepatitis B patients

T cell responses strongest when combined with IC31TM adjuvant

HepTcell dose and use of adjuvant confirmed for Phase 2 studies



DIFFERENTIATED

DEVELOPMENT PLAN

Designed to restore immune control of infection instead of targeting viral pathway

Targets all HBV genotypes

Complimentary to currently approved antivirals and other products in development

Phase 1 data in chronically infected population documented HBV T cell stimulation

HepTcell

Specific Immunotherapy for Chronic HBV

File IND in 1H 2020 following successful pre-IND meeting

Phase 2 program in **expanded chronic HBV patient population**

Exploit immune activation of HepTcell in combination with other novel HBV therapeutics

Seek commercial partner with complementary therapeutic product



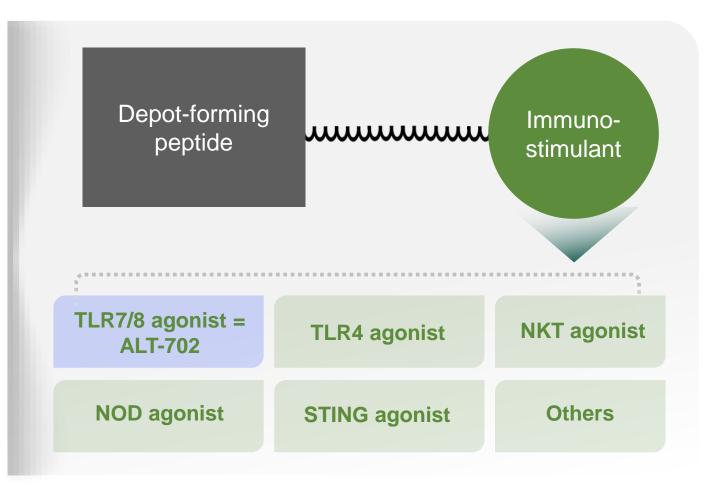
ALT-702: ANCHORED IMMUNOSTIMULANT FOR IMMUNO-ONCOLOGY

Platform technology to improve safety and efficacy of immunostimulants

Conjugated TLR7/8 agonist utilizes **depot technology** to anchor immune stimulant at tumor site for improved safety

Designed to reverse local immunosuppression and elicit local and systemic antitumor immune responses

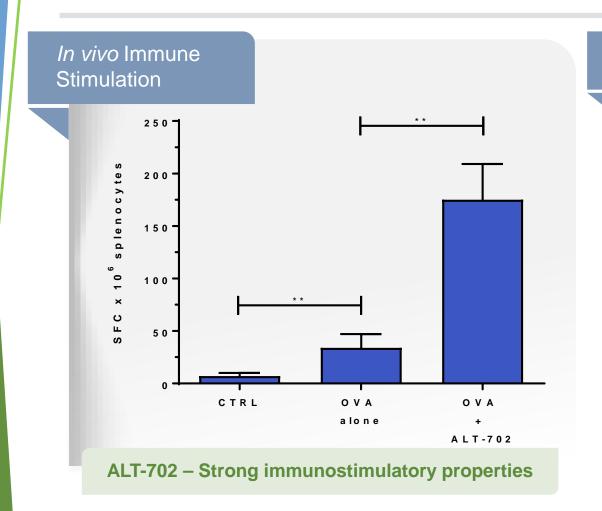
Potential to synergize with cancer treatment modalities such as immune checkpoint inhibitors, oncolytic viruses and CAR-T cells

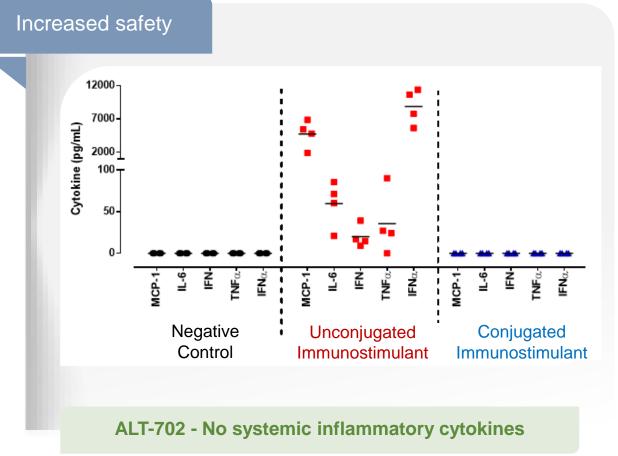




ALT-702: ANCHORED IMMUNOSTIMULANT WITHOUT SYSTEMIC TOXICITY

Uncouples immune-mediated efficacy from severe toxicity







ADVANTAGES OF ALT-702

Potent TLR7/8
agonist for
cancer
immunotherapy

Anchored
approach
prolongs immune
stimulation while
avoiding systemic
toxicity

Platform
technology can be
applied to other
immunostimulants or
therapeutics

Fully synthetic product – Low CoGs



DIFFERENTIATED

Only single-dose vaccine currently in development

Intranasal spray

Faster protection

Superior logistics
 No cold chain distribution
 Self administered/no injection required

NasoShield
Differentiated
Anthrax Vaccine

COMPETITION

Biothrax® - Only approved vaccine

- 3 dose regimen
- Requires an adjuvant
- Subcutaneous injections

NuThrax® (AV7909) - Phase 3

- 2 dose regimen
- Requires 2 adjuvants
- Intramuscular injections

NasoShield: FUNDED THROUGH A DEVELOPMENT CONTRACT WITH BARDA

Phase 1b initiated, data expected in H2 2020

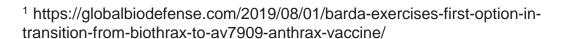


Received \$3.7M BARDA funding to initiate Phase 1b

\$133.7M total contract value through Phase 2

Stockpiling of vaccine may occur prior to licensure¹

 Nuthrax[®] initial stockpiling valued at \$261M with a \$1.5 billion total potential contract value





NasoVAX: INNOVATIVE INTRANASAL INFLUENZA VACCINE

NIAID Strategic Plan – Gaps in Licensed Seasonal Influenza Vaccines

EXISTING GAPS

Strain mismatch, exacerbated by egg passage

Inadequate durability of immune response

Poor cellular immune responses

Inadequate tissue-resident protection

NasoVAX CLINICAL ATTRIBUTES

Recombinant, cell-based production

12+ months durability of antibody response

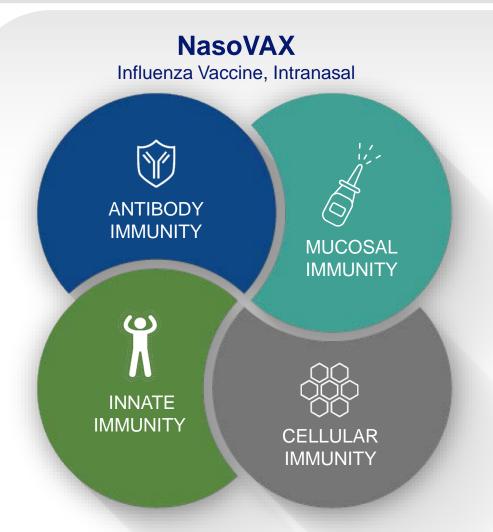
Robust T cell and mucosal immunities

Intranasal dosing consistent with tissue-resident protection



NasoVAX: PHASE 2 DATA VALIDATES MULTIPLE LEVELS OF DIFFERENTIATION

Potential for a more effective influenza vaccine through better and longer lasting immunity



Phase 2 Study Highlights

HAI and microneutralization antibody similar to licensed Fluzone vaccine

Durability of immune response **greater than 12 months** vs. 6 months for current vaccines

Robust mucosal and cellular immunity induced unlike Fluzone

Excellent safety profile, tolerability not different from placebo



STRONG INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY PORTFOLIO

Significant patent term remaining in all families

2 Granted US patents | Patent applications other territories **ALT-801** Expiry \geq 2035 Granted US, KR patent | Patent applications other territories HepTcell Expiry \geq 2033 Granted US patent | Patent applications other territories **ALT-702** Expiry ≥ 2034 Granted US, EP, JP patent **NasoShield** Expiry ≥ 2032 Granted US, EP, JP patent | Patent applications other territories **NasoVAX** Expiry \geq 2032



FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Altimmune is well positioned to advance multiple product candidates



STRONG EXECUTIVE MANAGEMENT TEAM



Vipin K. Garg, PhD
President & CEO



Will Brown, CPA, MBA
Chief Financial Officer



Scott Harris, MD
Chief Medical Officer



Scot Roberts, PhD
Chief Scientific Officer



Bertrand Georges, PhD
Chief Technology Officer



José Ochoa, JD
Chief Business Officer



























